The Honorable Daniel Lipinski Ranking Member, Subcommittee on Research and Technology Committee on Science, Space, and Technology U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congressman Lipinski,

We write to thank you for your strong support of the Bureau of Transportations Statistics (BTS) in H.R. 2886, the Future Transportation Research and Innovation for Prosperity Act. The bill recognizes the importance of timely, accurate, and objective statistical data to informing wise decision making. It also recognizes the importance of BTS having sole control over its budget, publications, and information technology (IT) to ensure its products are perceived as objective and credible. We strongly support these provisions and urge they be incorporated into final transportation legislation.

Transportation is integral to our economy and country, from households to businesses to government. It makes up 18 percent of consumer spending. Large corporations and small businesses alike rely on our nation's transportation infrastructure for its personnel, clients and customers and the delivery and distribution of products and supplies. Similarly, state, local and federal governments rely on the transportation infrastructure for safety, economic development, delivery of services, and workforce access.

Given the importance of transportation to our economy and the costs of maintaining our transportation infrastructure, having comprehensive, credible, and objective statistical data on our transportation system is critical. It will ensure taxpayer money is spent wisely and improve our economic competitiveness.

The BTS budget, publication, and IT autonomy provisions of H.R. 2866 help ensure the country's transportation decisions are informed by statistical data that are trusted by the public to be objective, valid, and reliable. As a letter recently signed by 20 former statistical agency heads states, "All sides of a policy debate should be able to look to the statistical data as objective and high quality. Any perception that the data have been influenced by a partisan perspective undermines the policy making and its administration." The importance of a federal statistical agency having sole control over its budget, publications, and IT are well recognized in the recently issues OMB Statistical Policy Directive #1, "Fundamental Responsibilities of Federal Statistical Agencies and Recognized Statistical Units," and in the National Academy of Sciences'

Principles and Practices for a Federal Statistical Agency (fifth edition, 2013). With BTS's move in FY15 to the Office of the Secretary, it is also important that these controls be enacted by Congress in transportation legislation.

While we understand the budget authorizations for BTS are beyond the scope of H.R. 2866, our letter would be incomplete without discussing it. The BTS budget has been stagnant for the past ten years. Indeed, its FY15 budget is the same as the FY05 budget, \$26 million, thereby eroding BTS of 20 percent of its purchasing power. We also understand the now-defunct Research and Innovation Technology Administration used significant portions of BTS's authorized Highway Trust Fund (HTF) funding for its operations, further diminishing BTS's operations. As a result of BTS's constrained budget, the intercity passenger travel survey has not been done since 1995 and the vehicle inventory and use survey since 2002, forcing policy makers to make decisions on multi-billion dollar projects on outdated data. For these reasons, twenty organizations signed onto a letter early this year in support of the President's FY16 Budget of \$29 million for BTS with inflationary increases for the out-years. (See enclosure.) We again urge these levels be incorporated into final transportation legislation. We also believe the budget autonomy provisions of H.R. 2866 will help BTS to allocate more of its authorized HTF funding to resuming these very important surveys and undertaking new projects.

Thank you for your legislation recognizing and ensuring the importance of BTS to informing sound and cost-efficient transportation policymaking.

Advocates for Highway and Auto Safety
American Association for Public Opinion Research
American Society of Civil Engineers
American Statistical Association
Association of Academic Survey Research Organizations
Association of Public Data Users
Consortium of Social Science Associations
Council of Professional Associations on Federal Statistics
Institute for Transportation and Development Policy
National Association for Business Economics
Surface Transportation Policy Partnership
U.S. Chamber of Commerce

Enclosure: Letter of support for FY16 BTS request.

February 27, 2015

The Honorable William Shuster Chairman, Transportation and Infrastructure Committee United States House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Peter A. DeFazio
Ranking Member, Transportation and
Infrastructure Committee
United States House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable James Inhofe
Chair, Committee on Environment and Public
Works
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable John Thune
Chair, Committee on Commerce, Science and
Transportation
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Barbara Boxer
Ranking Member, Committee on Environment
and Public Works
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Bill Nelson Ranking Member, Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairman Inhofe, Chair Shuster, Chair Thune, Ranking Member Boxer, Ranking Member DeFazio, and Ranking Member Nelson,

As you consider authorization bills for surface transportation, the undersigned groups encourage you to boost funding for the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) to the level requested under the President's FY16 Budget of \$29 million with inflationary increases for the out-years. The BTS budget has been stagnant for the past ten years. Indeed, its FY15 budget is the same as the FY05 budget, \$26 million, thereby eroding BTS of 20 percent of its purchasing power. (See attached graph.)

Increased BTS funding will deliver high returns by informing transportation policy in ways that can make transportation spending and service delivery more cost-effective, and boost private sector performance and economic growth.

Transportation is integral to our economy and country, from households to businesses to government. It makes up 16 percent of consumer spending. Large corporations and small businesses alike rely on our nation's transportation infrastructure for its personnel, clients and customers and the delivery and distribution of products and supplies. Similarly, state, local and federal governments rely on the transportation infrastructure for safety, economic development, delivery of services, and workforce access.

Given the importance of transportation to our economy and our country, understanding our transportation infrastructure is imperative. The BTS is the principal source of timely, accurate and objective information on the current state, safety, and performance of highway, rail, air, maritime, and pipeline transportation systems. Local, state and national policymakers, businesses, the agricultural sector, regulators, and other transportation users rely upon BTS data for planning, investment, business location, and other important decisions. BTS data are also critical in price determination for any manufactured, agricultural, or food good that is routinely transported over large distances and by different modes. As the value of goods per

pound increases, and the value of time for both people and goods grow, we will need an even more responsive transportation system to be effective competitors at home and abroad.

The recent National Research Council (NRC) study on transportation data requirements, Special Report 304, states:

Transportation decision makers face a complex, changing, and uncertain environment, yet the essential data for supporting transportation operations, policy, and investment decisions at all governmental levels and in the private sector are fragmented and incomplete in coverage and detail, lack timeliness, and are poorly integrated for analysis of current and emerging issues.

As a result of BTS's constrained budget, the intercity passenger travel survey has not been done since 1995 and the vehicle and inventory and use survey since 2002. The FY16 request for the BTS includes both these important surveys. It also proposes the development of strategies for measuring long-distance travel from a variety of other sources including other surveys, administrative records, and emerging data sources. Funding the FY16 request would provide up-to-date data to inform safety risk exposure, infrastructure performance, emissions, and economic performance.

We understand the difficult fiscal environment but urge you to consider the immense potential returns on this modest funding boost for the BTS.

Please direct any questions on this letter to Steve Pierson, Director of Science Policy for the American Statistical Association: pierson@amstat.org; 703.302.1841.

Thank you for your consideration.

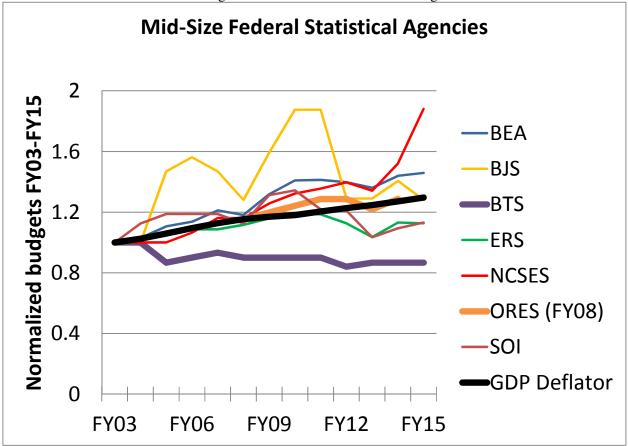
AAA

Advocates for Highway and Auto Safety
American Association for Public Opinion
Research
American Highway Users Alliance
American Planning Association
American Public Transportation Association
American Society of Civil Engineers
American Statistical Association
American Trucking Associations
Association of Academic Survey Research
Organizations
Association of Public Data Users
Center for Data Innovation

Consortium of Social Science Associations
Council of Professional Associations on Federal
Statistics
Institute for Transportation and Development
Policy (ITDP)
Intelligent Transportation Society of America
International Air Rail Organisation
National Association for Business Economics
Natural Resources Defense Council
State International Development Organizations
Surface Transportation Policy Partnership
U.S. Chamber of Commerce

Cc: Members, House Transportation and Infrastructure Committee,
Members, Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works
Members, Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation
Members, Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies
Appropriation Subcommittee

Enclosure: Chart of FY03-FY15 budgets for mid-size federal statistical agencies



The budgets of the seven mid-sized statistical agencies normalized to their FY03 levels, along with the GDP deflator to account for inflation. The Social Security Administration Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics' budget is normalized (and adjusted for inflation) to its FY08 level, when the current accounting scheme was implemented. SOI's FY13 dip is due partially to a budget adjustment. (Figure 1 adapted from http://magazine.amstat.org/blog/2014/03/01/science-policy-03-2014/.)

Agency Abbreviations:

BEA: Bureau of Economic Analysis BJS: Bureau of Justice Statistics ERS: Economic Research Service

NCSES: National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics, National Science Foundation

ORES: Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics, Social Security Administration

SOI: Statistics of Income Division, IRS